

The Effect Of Social Media Marketing On Purchase Decisions With Brand Awareness As An Intervening Variables In Praketa Coffee Shop Purwokerto

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ABSTRACT

Culinary business is a sector that affects the growth of the tourism industry. As time goes by, the culinary business is growing fast, including in the city of Purwokerto where the intense competition between culinary business entrepreneurs is occurring. Praketa Coffee Shop Purwokerto must be able to develop and innovate to define the right marketing strategy. One of them is by using social media marketing to build consumer's brand awareness, so that the purchase decision process will be built by itself. This research aims to discover the impact of social media marketing on the purchase decisions with brand awareness as an intervening variable at Praketa Coffee Shop Purwokerto. The type of research used is quantitative research with associative descriptive approach. The data collection technique used in this research is primary data, with method of distributing questionnaires to 100 respondents of Praketa Coffee Shop Purwokerto. The data analysis technique used Path Analysis regression and the Sobel Test. The results show that social media marketing has a positive and significant effect on brand awareness and on purchasing decisions, and brand awareness mediates positively and significantly on the relationship of between social media marketing and purchasing decisions.

Keywords: *Social Media Marketing; Brand Awareness; Purchase Decisions*

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1. Introduction

Internet technology is currently an important need for humans. In addition to being a means of communication, the internet has many uses such as a means of publication, marketing strategies, and exchanging information. Internet users in Indonesia in early 2021 reached 202.6 million or 73.7% of the total population of 274.9 million people. According to that data, about 195.3 million people or 94.6% of Indonesian people use the Internet via mobile phones. The increase of Internet users impacts on human lifestyle, which means that companies must be able to compete and innovate in introducing products or services, so that they can be welcomed (Kuspriyono & Nurelasari, 2018).

Among other tourism sectors, the culinary business is a sector that is quite large in using internet technology as a marketing strategy. Praketa Coffee Shop Purwokerto as one of the culinary businesses, implements its marketing strategy through social media. People use social media because it is easy to access and have features that are very useful to human life. The internet has access that can be used anywhere and anytime, and makes it easier for people getting up-to-date information about the product or service they need (Oktaviani & Rustandi, 2018).

Many business people think that the use of social media marketing can provide operational benefits, because it does not cost too much for promotion and is more efficient. The impact of product sales increases when many consumers visit the company’s website and find out about the products offered. The purpose of this marketing is to place a brand into the top of the consumers mind so that when they need a product, consumers directly remember a brand. Marketing using social media must be creative and interesting so that it can form a brand awareness (Upadana & Pramudana, 2020). This is very effective in introducing a business or business brand to consumers

widely and can make the brand in the minds of consumers in making it a brand reference when they want to make a purchase.

Praketa Coffee Shop has been around for a long time and has become one of the most well-known brands in Purwokerto. In its development, Praketa Coffee Shop has established quite good on brand awareness through their social media marketing. According to the owner of the Praketa Coffee Shop, it appears that brand or some new coffee shops are likely to cause problems on the brand awareness consumers of the Praketa Coffee Shop brand, because there is an opportunity for consumers to try every other brand, even maybe the consumer can switch to a coffee shop.

To find out the phenomenon of the influence of social media marketing on the formation of brand awareness and purchasing decisions, researchers conducted a pre-survey by distributing online questionnaires to 34 respondents who had made purchases at Praketa Coffee Shop Purwokerto.

Table 1. Pre-survey Research on Praketa Coffee Shop Purwokerto

No	Statement	Number of Respondents	
		Yes	No
1	Praketa Coffee Shop establishing communication with customers through social media.	28	6
2	Praketa Coffee Shop using social media as a medium to receive criticism and suggestions.	25	9
3	Trademark or brand of Praketa Coffee Shop sounds ear-catching	28	6
4	When asked about the coffee product or a place to just hang out, a brand that always comes to your mind is Praketa Coffee Shop brand.	14	20
5	I prioritize to buy products or to visit Praketa Coffee Shop in addition to other products or cafes	14	20
6	I am willing to sacrifice time or price for products or to visit Praketa Coffee Shop.	28	6

Source: Data Processed by Researches, 2021

The results of the pre-survey in Table 1. which have been conducted on 34 respondents, show the phenomena of social media marketing, brand awareness, and purchasing decisions. This can be seen from statement number 1, "Praketa Coffee Shop builds communication with its consumers through social media", 28 respondents answered yes and 9 respondents answered no. This can be seen from statement number 3 which states that the Praketa Coffee Shop brand sounds familiar and well-known

among consumers, which proves the use of social media as a marketing medium by Praketa Coffee Shop. The statements include, "Trademark or brand of Praketa Coffee Shop sounds ear-catching.", 28 respondents answered yes and 6 respondents answered no. However, for the next statement in number 4, "When asked about coffee products or a place to just hangout, the brand that always comes to your mind is the Praketa Coffee Shop brand" 14 respondents answered yes and 20 respondents answered no, and for statement number 5 "I prioritize buying products or visiting Praketa Coffee Shop than other products or cafes." 14 respondents were willing to prioritize Praketa Coffee Shop, while 20 respondents said they were not. This states that consumer awareness of the Praketa Coffee Shop brand only reaches the level of brand recognition described in statement number 4, consumers do not make Praketa Coffee shop as the brand that will be chosen the most in their minds (top of mind). Regarding the statement in number 5, that consumers do not prioritize to buy Praketa Coffee Shop products, it reduces the purchase decisions that will occur.

Based on this analysis, we can see that social media marketing can influence the formation of brand awareness and purchase decisions. Research conducted by Upadana & Pramudana (2020) states that social media marketing plays a role in shaping brand awareness to determine a purchase decision. Social media marketing must be carried out with innovative and interesting activities to build brand awareness consumer, so that consumers have high confidence in the product and consumers can decide on the purchase decision (Upadana & Pramudana, 2020).

Based on the background explained, the use of social media in marketing activities is very important and is related to brand awareness and consumer purchasing decisions. Therefore, the author is very interested in knowing the phenomenon of

the influence of social media marketing on purchasing decisions mediated by brand awareness at Praketa Coffee Shop Purwokerto.

Based on the description of the theory and, it can be concluded several hypotheses in this study, namely as follows:

- 1) H1: Social media marketing has a positive and significant effect on brand awareness of Praketa Coffee Shop Purwokerto.
- 2) H2: Social Media Marketing has a positive and significant effect on the purchase decision in Praketa Coffee Shop Purwokerto.
- 3) H3: Brand awareness has a positive and significant effect on Praketa Coffee Shop Purwokerto purchase decision.
- 4) H4: Brand awareness mediates positively and significantly on the relationship between Social Media Marketing and Praketa Coffee Shop Purwokerto purchase decision.

The theoretical model of thought in this study is based on a description of the theory and previous research, as follows:

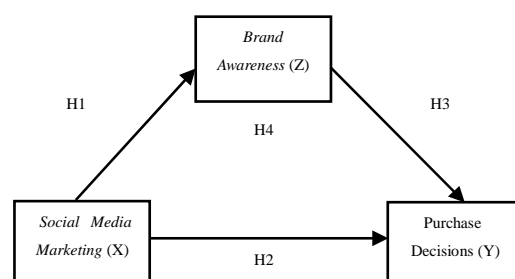


Figure 1. Theoretical Model

2. Literature Review

2.1 Social Media Marketing

According to Kuspriyono & Nurelasari (2018), social media is a way to share information in the form of text, audio, or video used by consumers or companies to interact or communicate that can be done at a distance. In social media marketing activities, it is used to facilitate the promotion process to consumers.

Promotional activities carried out by a company using social media have a greater increase than non-social media promotions

(Zahid, 2014).

Social media marketing platforms have the ability to expand brand recognition to people globally so that consumers can get more than ever before (Poturak & Softić, 2019).

Social media marketing uses social media as a marketing channel so that we can use the characteristics of social media as a measurement dimension. The following are social media marketing indicators that have been adapted to this research according to Sutariningsih (2021) and Godey (2016), namely:

1) Entertainment

Entertainment is an experience that brings pleasure or interest to the use of social media.

2) Interaction

Interaction is communication between companies and consumers, such as sharing information, exchanging opinions, views, suggestions, criticisms, or praise about a product or brand provided by the company.

3) Trendiness

Trendiness or modern conditions at this time that require social media to provide the latest topics or news to consumers. Trendiness plays a role in providing the latest content, such as product information, promotions or discounts, or other services provided by the company.

4) Customization

Customization in social media has a role in providing a search for information and services that are tailored and provided based on consumer demand or needs.

5) Word of Mouth

Word of mouth is useful in shaping communication between consumers to other consumers. In this case word of mouth is the consumer's desire to share information about a product or brand to another consumer through direct or redistributive conversation using the consumer's own social media.

2.2 Brand Awareness

Brand awareness or brand awareness is defined as the ability of consumers to identify a brand when given to them under

different conditions. Brand awareness can be enhanced when someone can see, know, and remember that brand on their mind. Therefore, companies are making efforts to raise brand awareness by designing logos, symbols, characters, packages, advertisements or promotions with slogans that can shape and raise consumer awareness of a brand (Yapa, 2017).

According to Herdana (2015), brand awareness is the ability of consumers to remember and recognize a brand or product in their own minds. Raising awareness of a brand is one of the ways to introduce and develop a brand to a wider market.

Consumers will buy a product or use a service based on a brand they know and trust. This is important for every company to create brand awareness because it can allow a brand to be chosen or purchased because it first appears in the minds of consumers (Sutariningsih, 2021).

Brand awareness in this study is the ability of consumers to remember a brand or advertisement through spontaneous circumstances or after being stimulated by keywords. Brand awareness indicators according to Upadana & Pramudana (2020) and have been adapted to this research are:

1) Brand Knowledge

Consumers can remember a brand well and sound familiar to consumers. This is caused by how often consumers make purchases of the brand.

2) Well-known

Brands can be known by all circles and have the ability to become the main topic if consumers are in need or need a brand.

3) Distinguishable

Brands that can be distinguished from other brands, both from the taste and characteristics of the brand. On the other hand, brands have characteristics that can make consumers feel more special when they buy the brand.

2.3 Purchase Decisions

Consumer decision to make the purchase of a product or service begins with awareness of the need or desire. According to Sara (2009) purchasing decisions are a

decision-making process that someone makes through an evaluation process to choose an alternative.

The purchase process took place long before the actual purchase and had (Ernawan et al., 2018)

According to Adhawiyah (2019) there are two factors that are sufficiently influential between consumer intentions to buy and purchasing decisions. These two factors, *inter alia*, the attitude that emerges from others and the situation or the situation that can change.

The decision making process is important to make because it can help consumers dig information about a set of brands or products, evaluate brands or products even choose between alternatives and ultimately make good and customer-friendly decisions (Siali et al., 2016).

Purchase decision indicators according to Upadana & Pramudana (2020) are when consumers decide to make a purchase of a product influenced by four indicators namely:

1. Decision to choose

Consumers have the opportunity to choose a product or brand in every purchase they will make. This decision arises because consumers need the product or service.

2. Priority

Consumers will prioritize buying a particular product or brand compared to others. This happens because consumers have trusted the product or brand.

3. Awareness of sacrifice

Consumers are willing to sacrifice for a particular product or brand, both in time, cost, and effort to get it.

4. Like the product

Consumers feel happy after buying a certain product or brand, because it is in accordance with what they want.

3. Materials and Methods

This study uses a quantitative descriptive method with an associative approach. Associative research aims to explain the effect of social media marketing

variables on purchasing decisions through brand awareness. This research was conducted at Praketa Coffee Shop Purwokerto with the object of research, namely, social media marketing as an independent variable (X), brand awareness as an intervening variable (mediation) (Z), and purchasing decisions as the dependent variable (Y).

In data collection, this study uses a non-probability sampling method with purposive sampling technique, which is a sampling carried out with criteria set by researchers, such as consumers who have visited Praketa Coffee Shop and are 18 years old and over. Data was collected by distributing online questionnaires or questionnaires using Google Form to 100 respondents who met the criteria according to the research using Likert scale measurements. The data analysis technique used descriptive analysis technique, classical assumption test, path analysis regression, and Sobel test.

4. Results and Discussion

Praketa Coffee Shop is a café that was established in 2015. This cafe is located in the city of Purwokerto, precisely on Jl. HR Boenyamin No. 129 Purwokerto which is a strategic place because it is located around campus and the city center. According to the cafe owner Indra Purnama Aji, Praketa comes from Sanskrit which means "knowledge or point of view". At first, this cafe only had a limited menu, such as single origin black coffee with manual brewing techniques that characterize this café. As for the food menu, there is only a cake menu, such as cheese cake and oreo cake. Over time, Praketa Coffee is increasingly developing and expanding its menu so that consumers have more choices when visiting. In addition to a diverse menu, the concept of a minimalist-style building with a touch of wood in every corner of the café room gives visitors a comfortable and calm impression.

The questionnaire consists of three parts, namely statements regarding the

respondent's criteria, respondent's experience and respondents' responses to the variables of social media marketing, brand awareness, and purchasing decisions at Praketa Coffee Shop Purwokerto. In filling out the questionnaire, respondents were asked to give the symbol (x) to each item of the statement. Each statement item consists of 5 response scores, namely, Strongly Agree (5), Agree (4), Neutral (3), Disagree (2), Strongly Disagree (1).

4.1 Characteristics of Respondents

Characteristics of respondents are presented in the following data:

Table 2. Characteristics of Respondents by Sex

Sex	Frequency	Percentage (%)
Male	54	54%
Female	46	46%
Total	100	100%

Source: Data Processed by Researches, 2021

Based on table 2, it can be seen that male respondents were the most frequent visitors (54%) and female respondents were 46 people (46%).

Table 3. Characteristics of Respondents Based on Age

Age	Frequency	Percent age (%)
18 – 20 years	31	31%
21 – 25 years	57	57%
25 – 30 years	11	11%
>30 years	1	1%
Total	100	100%

Source: Data Processed by Researches, 2021

Based on table 3, it can be seen that respondents who visited Praketa Coffee Shop Purwokerto aged 21-25 years were the most frequent visitors namely 57 people or with a percentage of 57%. In addition, for visitors aged 18-20 years, there were 31 people or 31%, then for those aged 25-30 years there were 11 people or 11%, and visitors aged >30 years were only 1 person or 1%. This shows that most of the visitors are young people.

Table 4. Characteristics of Respondents Based on Occupation

Occupation	Frequency	Percentage (%)
Student	67	67%
Employee	17	17%
Entrepreneur	7	7%
Private Employee	3	3%
Fresh Graduate	1	1%
Satpol PP	1	1%
Civil servant	1	1%
Barista	1	1%
Freelance	1	1%
Housewife	1	1%
Total	100	100%

Source: Data Processed by Researches, 2021

Based on table 4. it can be seen that from 100 respondents according to job criteria, there are 67 or 67% of people in the student category as the most frequent visitors to Praketa Coffee Shop Purwokerto. In addition, there are 17 respondents who work as employees or 17%, 7 people or 7% of respondents are entrepreneurs, 3 people or 3% of respondents who work as private employees, then categories that are not listed in the questionnaire options such as fresh graduates, Satpol PP, Civil servant, Barista, Freelance, and housewives each as many as 1 person or 1%.

Table 5. Characteristics of Respondents Based on Monthly Income

Income	Frequency	Percentage (%)
< Rp 1.000.000	41	41%
Rp 1.000.000 – Rp 2.500.000	38	38%
Rp 2.500.000 – Rp 5.000.000	11	11%
< Rp 5.000.000	10	10%
Total	100	100%

Source: Data Processed by Researches, 2021

Based on table 5. it can be seen that respondents who often visit Praketa Coffee Shop Puwokerto by looking at the information on monthly income, which is <Rp 1,000,000, get the highest number of 41 people or with a percentage of 41%. Then respondents with an income of 1,000,000 – Rp 2,500,000 as many as 38 people or 38%, respondents with an income of Rp 2,500,000 – Rp. 5,000,000 as many as 11

people or 11% and respondents with income <Rp 5,000,000 as many as 10 people or 10%.

4.2 Respondent experience

The following is a description of the results of the respondent experience in this study:

Table 6. Respondents' Initial Knowledge Experience of Praketa Coffee Shop

Initial Knowledge	Frequency	Percentage (%)
Family/Friends	60	60%
Social Media	31	31%
Print Media	-	-
Random view	9	9%
Total	100	100%

Source: Data Processed by Researches,2021

The shows that most respondents know where Praketa Coffee Shop Purwokerto is from information from their family or close friends, with the number of respondents of 60 percent. Then respondents who know through social media as many as 31 or 31%, respondents who randomly see as many as 9 or 9%, and 0% or no respondents who know Praketa Coffee Shop Purwokerto through print media. Based on that table, it can be summarised that from 100 respondents, as most of them know the coffee shop through information from someone or word of mouth and social media.

Table 7. Respondent's Experience Based on Frequency of Visiting Praketa Coffee Shop

Frequency of Visiting	Frequency	Percentage
1 time	14	14%
2 - 5 times	44	44%
> 5 times	42	42%
Total	100	100%

Source: Data Processed by Researches,2021

The results of data processing can be seen that respondents often make visits with a frequency of 2-5 times as many as 44 people or with a percentage of 44%. In addition, for the frequency of visits > 5 times, 42 people or a percentage of 42% and 14 or 14% of people who visit Praketa Coffee Shop 1 time.

Table 8. Respondent's Experience Based on Purpose of Visiting Praketa Coffee Shop

Purpose of Visiting	Frequency	Percentage (%)
Eat/Drink	43	43%
Doing Assignment	19	19%
Hangout	30	30%
Others	8	8%
Total	100	100%

Source: Data Processed by Researches,2021

The data above shows that most respondents visit the Praketa Coffee Shop to eat or drink (43%) , 19% respondents visit the coffee shop to do assignments, 30% to hangout or gathering, and 8% to do activities outside the category. Therefore, it can be concluded that Praketa Coffee Shop Purwokerto is a place that is often visited for eating, drinking, or just gathering together.

4.3 Descriptive Analysis Results of Social Media Marketing Variable

The following is a explanation of the results of the descriptive analysis of each item of the research statement:

Table 9. Responses to Social Media Marketing

No	Statement	Total Score	Average	Category
1	Praketa Coffee's social media provides interesting image posts.	413	82,6%	Good
2	Praketa Coffee social media provides interesting video posts.	392	78,4%	Good
3	Praketa Coffee's social media provides clear information.	426	85,2%	Very Good
4	Praketa Coffee's social media provides facilities for the exchange of opinions, such as opinions, suggestions, and criticisms.	400	80%	Good
5	Praketa Coffee's social media provides interesting content according to today's conditions.	418	83,6%	Good
6	Praketa Coffee's social media uses easy-to-understand language for each content or segment.	435	87%	Very Good
7	Praketa Coffee 's social media provides information search and special services for Praketa Coffee Consumers	398	79,6%	Good
8	Praketa Coffe's social media considering suggestions from consumers to be used as material for posting or content on social media.	402	80,4%	Very Good
9	I am willing to share information about Praketa Coffee's brands, products and services to my friends	414	83,8%	Good
10	I am willing to upload content or information that I get from Praketa Coffee's social media on my social media.	397	79,4%	Good
Total Rate			409,5	Baik
Percentage			81,9%	

Source: Data Processed by Researches,2021

Based on table 9., it is known that the total average (mean) score obtained from the social media marketing variable is 409.5 out of a total score of 500 or 81.9% in percentage form. So overall respondents' responses to social media marketing variables at Praketa Coffee Shop Purwokerto are categorized into good categories.

Based on the results of the descriptive analysis of social media marketing variables

in table 9, it is known that the indicator with the highest score is found in two indicators, namely, X.3 with a score of 426 or 85.2% and X.6 indicator with a score of 435 or 87%, a score This falls into the very good category. This shows that Praketa Coffee Shop always provides clear information and easy-to-understand language in each content or segment.

Description of Brand Awareness Variable

The following is a description of the results of the descriptive analysis of each item of the research statement:

Table 10. Responses on Brand Awareness

No	Statement	Total Score	Average	Category
1	I realized the existence of Praketa Coffee because the shop was easy to find.	410	82%	Good
2	I recognized Praketa Coffee just by looking at their products.	364	72,8%	Good
3	I remember Praketa Coffee as a coffee shop with a variety of products and services .	427	85,2%	Very Good
4	Praketa Coffee is the first brand that comes to my mind when I want to drink coffee or just hangout at a coffee shop .	351	70,2% %	Good
5	Praketa Coffee is a well-known brand in Purwokerto.	412	82,4%	Good
6	I can distinguish Praketa Coffee brand products from other brands.	375	75%	Good
7	Praketa Coffee brand products have different characteristics from other brands.	377	75,4%	Good
8	I feel special or proud when I buy Praketa Coffee brand products.	375	75%	Good
Average Value in Total Rate		392		Good
Percentage			78,4 %	

Source: Data Processed by Researches,2021

Based on table 10., it can be seen that the total overall average (mean) score obtained from the brand awareness variable is 392 or 78.4% in percentage terms. Overall, according to this score, respondents' responses to the brand awareness variable at Praketa Coffee Shop Purwokerto are categorized into good categories.

Based on the results of the descriptive analysis of the brand awareness variable in table 10, the indicator that gets the largest score is the statement item Z.3 with a score of 427 or 85.4%, this score is included in the very good category. This indicates that Praketa Coffee Shop Purwokerto always provides good and varied products, services, so that respondents are able to remember the Praketa Coffee Shop brand well.

Description of Purchase Decision Variable

The following is a description of the results of the descriptive analysis of each item of the research statement:

Table 11. Responses for Purchase Decision

No	Statement	Total Score	Average	Category
1	I decided to choose Praketa Coffee as a place to hang out and drink coffee, from other coffee shops.	383	76,6%	Good
2	I decided to choose Praketa Coffee as a place to hang out and drink coffee because of my own desire.	409	81,1%	Good
3	I decided to choose Praketa Coffee as a place to hang out and drink coffee because I saw other people's experiences.	355	71%	Good
4	I prioritize buying Praketa Coffee products over other products	348	69,6%	Good
5	I prioritize buying Praketa Coffee products because of the quality of the products.	384	76,8%	Good
6	I am willing to sacrifice time and money to buy Praketa Coffee products.	351	70,2%	Good
7	I am willing to always be loyal to Praketa Coffee.	348	69,6%	Good
8	I feel happy or satisfied after deciding to buy Praketa Coffee brand products.	391	78,2%	Good
9	I am willing to make repeated purchases at Praketa Coffee.	390	78%	Good
10	I will recommend Praketa Coffee to my friends.	419	83,8%	Good
Average Value in Total			377,8	Good
Percentage			75,6%	

Source: Data Processed by Researches,2021

Based on table 11. it can be seen that the total overall average (mean) score obtained from the purchasing decision variable is 377.8 or 75.6% in percentage form. Overall, according to this score, respondents' responses to the purchasing decision variables at Praketa Coffee Shop Purwokerto are categorized into good categories.

Based on the results of the descriptive analysis of the purchasing decision variables in table 11, the indicator that gets the highest score is the statement item Y.10 with a score of 419 or 83.8%, this score is included in the good category. This indicates that Praketa Coffee Shop Purwokerto always gives good trust so that consumers are able to make decisions by recommending Praketa Coffee Shop to other consumers.

4.4 Validity Test

The following data is a validity test result for each variable:

Table 12. Validity Test Result

No	Variable	Statement Item	R calculates	Description
1	Social Media Marketing	X.1	0,583	Valid
		X.2	0,486	Valid
		X.3	0,685	Valid
		X.4	0,747	Valid
		X.5	0,682	Valid
		X.6	0,621	Valid
		X.7	0,824	Valid
		X.8	0,569	Valid
		X.9	0,691	Valid
		X.10	0,764	Valid
2	Brand Awareness	Z.1	0,631	Valid
		Z.2	0,849	Valid
		Z.3	0,659	Valid
		Z.4	0,860	Valid
		Z.5	0,793	Valid
		Z.6	0,846	Valid
		Z.7	0,860	Valid
		Z.8	0,783	Valid
3	Purchase Decision	Y.1	0,908	Valid
		Y.2	0,715	Valid
		Y.3	0,752	Valid
		Y.4	0,887	Valid
		Y.5	0,859	Valid
		Y.6	0,820	Valid
		Y.7	0,855	Valid
		Y.8	0,897	Valid
		Y.9	0,897	Valid
		Y.10	0,757	Valid

Source: Data Processed by Researches,2021

Based on table 12., it shows that all items or statement items totaling 28 statements on each social media marketing variable, brand awareness, and purchasing decisions have an r count that exceeds the r table of 0.361. Then the statement items on all research variables are said to meet the validity requirements and are declared valid and can be used as measuring instruments for this study.

4.5 Reliability Test

The following are the results of the reliability test for each variable, social media marketing, brand awareness, and purchasing decisions:

Table 13. Reliability Test Result

Variable	Number of Statement	Cronbach's Alpha	Minimum Limit Cronbach's Alpha	Description
Social Media Marketing	10	.857	0.60	Reliable
Brand Awareness	8	.911	0.60	Reliable
Purchase Decision	10	.948	0.60	Reliable

Source: Data Processed by Researches,2021

Table 13. shows that the results of the reliability test on the variables of social media marketing, brand awareness, and purchasing decisions have a Cronbach's Alpha value exceeding 0.60. Therefore the statement items from each variable are declared reliable or appropriate to be used

for this study.

4.6 Classic Assumption Test Normality Test

In this study, normality testing using a statistical test with Kolmogorov-Sminorv technique uses an Exact Significant approach with the help of SPSS Statistic 25 measuring tools.

Table 14. Normality Test Result

	Kolmogorov-Smirnov Exact Sig. (2-tailed)	Unstandardized Residual
N		100
	Struktur 1	0,169
	Struktur 2	0,254

Source: Data Processed by Researches,2021

Based on table 14. the results of the normality test on structure 1 and structure 2 can be seen through the residual value of the data which has a significant value of 0.169 for structure 1 and 0.254 for structure 2. The two values above have a value greater than alpha 0.05. Accordingly, this shows that the data used in this study is normally distributed.

Multicollinearity test

The following are the results of the multicollinearity test for each variable:

Table 15. Multicollinearity Test Result

Equation	Model	Tolerance	VIF
Model 1	Social Media Marketing	1,000	1,000
Model 2	Social Media Marketing	0,520	1,925
	Brand Awareness	0,520	1,925

Source: Data Processed by Researches,2021

Based on table 15. The results of the multicollinearity test show that the VIF value for the structure 1 1,000 is smaller than the VIF value 10 and the tolerance value 1,000 is greater than the tolerance value 0.10. For structure 2, the VIF value of 1.925 is smaller than the VIF value of 10 and the tolerance value of 0.520 is greater than the tolerance value of 0.10. Subsequently, it can be concluded that there is no multicollinearity in the two variables.

Heteroscedasticity Test

The following are the results of the heteroscedasticity test for each variable:

Table 16. Heteroscedasticity Test Result

Equation	Model	t	Sig.
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Structure 1	Social Media Marketing	-0,890	0,375
Structure 2	Social Media Marketing	-0,826	0,411
	Brand Awareness	-0,502	0,617

Source: Data Processed by Researches,2021

Based on table 16, the results of the heteroscedasticity test show that the significant value for the structure of 1 social media marketing variable is 0.375, which is greater than 0.05. Then for the structure of the 2 social media marketing variables, 0.411 is greater than 0.05 and the brand awareness variable has a significant value of 0.617, which is greater than 0.05. It is said that in this study, the regression model did not experience heteroscedasticity.

4.7 Path Analysis

The structural equation in this study uses a simple path diagram model with three variables, the social media marketing variable (X), the brand awareness variable (Z), and the purchasing decision variable (Y). The formulation of the structural model can be seen as follows:

a. Model equation 1

$$Z = \rho ZX + e1$$

b. Model equation 2

$$Y = \rho YX + \rho YZ + e2$$

Description:

ρ = Path Coefficient

e = Residual Error

X = Independent Variable

Z = Variable Intervening

Y = Dependent Variable

Table 17. Path Analysis Test Model 1 Result

Model		Unstandardized Coefficients		Standardized Coefficients	t	Sig.
		B	Std. Error	Beta		
1	(Constant)	3,609	2,891		1,249	0,215
	Social Media Marketing	0,667	0,070	0,693	9,520	0,000
R Square		0,480				
F Statistik		90,632				
Sig. Uji F		0,000				

a. Dependent Variable: Brand Awareness
Source: Data Processed by Researches,2021

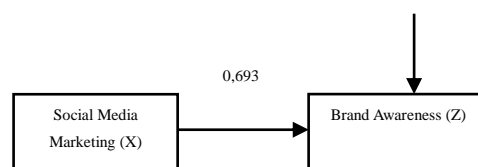
Significance value of the social media marketing variable is 0.000, which is less than 0.05 and the t-table value or the positive regression coefficient is 9.520. These results can be concluded that **H1: the social media marketing variable has a positive and significant effect on the**

brand awareness variable, is accepted.

The regression coefficient value of social media marketing has a value of 0.693. The influence of the independent variable on the dependent variable can be seen from the total determination value (R Square) of 0.480 or it means that 48% of the variation in the brand awareness variable is influenced by variations of social media marketing variables, while the remaining 52% comes from factors or variables that do not exist in this research model.

For more details regarding the flow of regression testing, it can be seen from the path diagram of the structural model I with the following equation:

Model 1 : $Z = \rho ZX + e1$
 $Z = 0,693 + 0,721$
 $e1=0,721$



Figures 2. Path Diagram Model 1

Table 18. Regression Analysis Test Results of Structure Path 2

Model		Unstandardized Coefficients		Standardized Coefficients	t	Sig.
		B	Std. Error	Beta		
1	(Constant)	-0,705	3,647		-0,193	0,847
	Social Media Marketing	0,464	0,122	0,354	3,815	0,000
	Brand Awareness	0,630	0,126	0,463	4,986	0,000
R Square		0,566				
F Statistik		63,313				
Sig. Uji F		0,000				

a. Dependent Variable: Purchase Decision
Source: Data Processed by Researches,2021

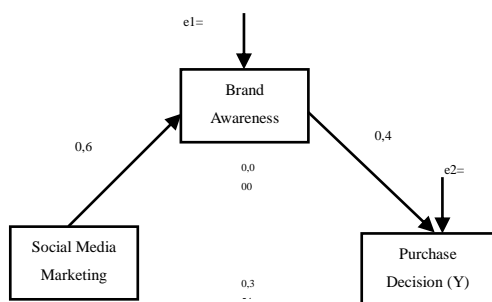
Significance value of the social media marketing variable is 0.000, which is smaller than 0.05 and the t table value or regression coefficient is positive at 3.815. These results can be concluded that **H2: the social media marketing variable has a positive and significant effect on the purchasing decision variable, is accepted.** Then the significance value of the brand awareness variable is 0.000 which is smaller than 0.05 and has a t table value or positive regression coefficient of 4.986. These results can be concluded that **H3: the brand awareness variable has a positive and**

significant effect on the purchasing decision variable, is accepted.

The regression coefficient value of social media marketing has a value of 0.354. Then for the brand awareness variable has a regression coefficient value of 0.463. The influence of the independent variable on the dependent variable can be seen from the total determination value (R Square) of 0.566 or it means that 56.6% of the variation in purchasing decision variables is influenced by variations of social media marketing and brand awareness variables, while the remaining 43.4% comes from factors or variables that do not exist in this research model.

For more details regarding the flow of regression testing, it can be seen from the path diagram of the structure model II with the following equation:

Model II : $Y = \rho_{yx} + \rho_{yz} + e_2$
 $Y = 0,354 + 0,463$



Figures 3. Path Diagram Model 2

Based on the path diagram in Pictures 3. the direct effect, indirect effect, and total effect of each research variable can be calculated for each value. An explanation of the calculation between variables can be seen from the following table:

Table 19. Direct Effect, Indirect Effect, and Total Effect of Social Media Marketing (X), Brand Awareness (Z), and Purchase Decision (Y)

No	Effect Variable	Direct Effect	Indirect Effect Brand through Awareness (Y1) ($\beta_1 \times \beta_3$)	Total Effect
1	X → Z	0,693	-	0,693
2	X → Y	0,354	0,321	0,675
3	Z → Y	0,463	-	0,463

Source: Data Processed by Researches, 2021

Based on table 20. shows that the direct effect of social media marketing variables

on brand awareness has a value of 0.693. The direct effect of social media marketing variables on purchasing decisions has a value of 0.354 and the indirect Influence given by the brand awareness variable is 0.321. The influence of the brand awareness variable on the decision has a value of 0.463. Thus, it can be said that the purchase decision variable is more influenced by the social media marketing variable through brand awareness because the total value given is 0.675. Therefore, the total influence given by the social media marketing variable on the purchasing decision variable through the brand awareness variable is greater than the direct influence of the social media marketing variable on the purchasing decision variable without going through the brand awareness variable.

4.8 Sobel Test

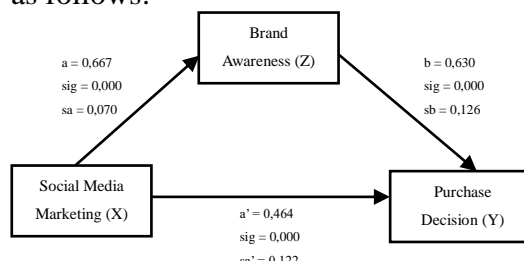
The Sobel test is used to measure the mediation effect given by the intervening variable through testing the indirect effect of social media marketing (X) on purchasing decisions (Y) through the brand awareness (Z). If the value of t count is greater than t table of 1.984 with a 95% confidence level, then the mediating variable is declared capable of significantly mediating the relationship between the independent variable and the dependent variable. This can be known through the Sobel test formula, which is as follows:

$$Sab = \sqrt{b^2sa^2 + a^2sb^2 + sa^2sb^2}$$

Description:

- Sab : the standard error of indirect effect
- b : independent variable path (x) with intervening variable (z)
- b : intervening variable path (z) with dependent variable (y)
- sa : standard error coefficient a
- sb : standard error coefficient b

Based on the above formula, the results of the Sobel test calculation in this study are as follows:



Figures 4. Sobel Test Regression Analysis Result

$$\begin{aligned}
 Sab &= \sqrt{b^2sa^2 + a^2sb^2 + sa^2sb^2} \\
 &= \sqrt{0,630^2 \cdot 0,070^2 + 0,667^2 \cdot 0,126^2 + 0,070^2 \cdot 0,126^2} \\
 &= \sqrt{0,002 + 0,007 + 0,000} \\
 &= \sqrt{0,009} \\
 &= 0,094
 \end{aligned}$$

The influence of the brand awareness variable as a mediating variable can be calculated by the t value of the ab coefficient with the following formula:

$$\begin{aligned}
 t &= \frac{ab}{sab} \\
 &= \frac{0,667 \times 0,630}{0,094} \\
 &= 4,468
 \end{aligned}$$

Based on the above calculations, it can be concluded that the t-count value of 4.468 is greater than the t-table value of 1.984. Hence, it can be concluded that there is an influence of mediation, and indirectly social media marketing through brand awareness has an influence on purchasing decisions. This can be interpreted as **H4: Social media marketing has a positive and significant effect on purchasing decisions through brand awareness, is accepted.**

The results of the analysis of data on the impact of social media marketing on purchasing decisions through brand awareness as a variable intervening in Praketa Coffee Shop Purwokerto, are the following:

The influence of social media marketing on purchasing decisions

In this study, respondents' knowledge of social media marketing at Praketa Coffee

Shop Purwokerto, overall has a good value with a value of 81.9. All categories in the descriptive analysis table are included in the good and very good categories. Therefore, it can be concluded that Praketa Coffee Shop Purwokerto is able to use and implement well the use of social media in every marketing activity.

Based on the results of the regression analysis of the influence of social media marketing on purchasing decisions, it is found that social media marketing has a positive and significant influence on purchasing decisions at Praketa Coffee Shop Purwokerto, so H0 is rejected and H2 is accepted. These results are obtained from the resulting significance value of 0.000 <0.05. Then the path coefficient value is positive at 0.354. Accordingly, the results of this study can be concluded that the use of social media in Praketa Coffee Shop has an important role to improve consumer purchasing decisions. This means that the higher the use of social media marketing, the consumer's purchase decision making will increase. This is in accordance with previous research conducted by Upadana & Pramudana (2020) which shows that social media marketing has a positive effect on purchase decisions, the better the level of social media marketing, the better the level of consumer purchasing decisions.

The influence of social media marketing on brand awareness

The results of the regression analysis of social media marketing on brand awareness showed that social media marketing had a positive and significant effect on brand awareness, so H0 was rejected and H1 was accepted. This can be seen from the results of the significance value of 0.000 <0.05 and has a positive path coefficient value of 0.693. Consequently the results of this study can be concluded that the use of social media marketing Praketa Coffee Shop has an important role in increasing consumer brand awareness. This means that the higher the use of social media as a marketing tool, the better the level of consumers in remembering the Praketa Coffee Shop

Purwokerto brand. This is in accordance with previous research conducted by Sutariningsih (2021) that social media marketing has a positive and significant effect on brand awareness, the better and more attractive the marketing done through social media marketing, the better brand awareness-

The influence of brand awareness on purchase decisions

In this study, respondents' knowledge of brand awareness of Praketa Coffee Shop Purwokerto was included in the good category with a total score of 78.4%. All categories in the descriptive analysis table are included in the good and very good categories. Therefore, it can be concluded that Praketa Coffee Shop Purwokerto is able to give a good impression so that consumers can remember their brand.

Based on the results of the regression analysis of the effect of brand awareness on purchasing decisions, it is found that brand awareness has a positive and significant influence on purchasing decisions, so H0 is rejected and H3 is accepted. These results come from a significance value of 0.000 which has a value less than 0.005, and has a path coefficient value of 0.463. Hence, the results of this study can be concluded that building consumer brand awareness is very influential in the purchase decision-making process. This means that the better the brand awareness, the higher the decision to purchase Praketa Coffee Shop products. This is in line with previous research by Adhawiyah (2019) that brand awareness has a direct and significant effect on purchasing decisions.

The influence of social media marketing on the formation of brand awareness and purchasing decisions

Based on the results of the Sobel Test on brand awareness as an intervening or mediating variable, the resulting t value is greater than t table. The value is $4,468 > 1,984$, so these results indicate that brand awareness has a mediating effect on social media marketing relationships on purchasing decisions. The direct influence

of social media marketing on purchase decisions is 0.354, while the indirect influence is 0.321 after brand awareness is an intervening variable. Thus, the total influence of social media marketing on purchasing decisions through brand awareness is 0.675. The results of the study indicate that H0 is rejected and H4 is accepted. It can be concluded that the stronger consumer brand awareness, it will have an impact on the intensity of social media marketing interactions so that consumers can be influenced to make purchases on Praketa Coffee Shop Purwokerto products. This result is in line with the research of Upadana and Pramudana, (2020) that brand awareness is able to mediate the influence of social media marketing on purchase decisions, the better the level of consumer awareness, the better the level of purchase decisions that occur.

5. Conclusion

Social media marketing has a positive and significant effect on brand awareness at Praketa Coffee Shop Purwokerto by 0.480 or 48% indicating that the influence comes from variations in social media marketing on brand awareness, while the remaining 0.520 or 52% is the amount of the contribution value of the variables which were not researched. This shows that the higher the use of social media as a marketing medium, the brand awareness or consumer awareness of the Praketa Coffee Shop brand will increase. Conversely, if the use of social media is getting lower or rarely applied, then brand awareness or consumer awareness of the brand will also decrease. This means that the existence of an ideal social media marketing, brand awareness consumer will be created by itself.

The social media marketing variable in this research has a low average value of 78.4% with the statement "Social Media Praketa Coffee gives interesting video posting". It shows that information through video content not yet reported through social media has not attracted consumer attention. To that end, Praketa Coffee Shop

is expected to be able to provide more interesting content in every aspect of its social media.

The brand awareness variable in this research has an average value of 70.2% with the statement "Praketa Coffee becomes the first brand that appeared to me when I wanted to drink coffee or just hang out at the coffee shop." It shows that the brand awareness that Praketa Coffee Shop has created has not been sufficiently applied in the consumer's mind, because consumers have not yet been able to make Praketa Coffee Shop their top of mind. To that end, the Coffee Shop better enhance various kinds of promotions such as making more specific products, merchandise related to the Coffee Shop, so that consumers know more about brands or the Coffee Shop Practice identity.

Social media marketing has a positive and significant effect on purchasing decisions at Praketa Coffee Shop Purwokerto by 0.566 or 56% indicating that the influence comes from variations of social media marketing on purchasing decisions, while the remaining 0.434 or 43.4% is the amount of the contribution value of the unexamined variables. This shows that the higher the use of social media as a marketing medium, the decision-making process for purchasing Praketa Coffee Shop Purwokerto products will increase. Conversely, if the use of social media is getting lower or worse, the decision-making process for product purchases will decrease. This means that the existence of optimal social media marketing, the consumer decision-making process will be created on its own.

The purchasing decision variable in this study has the lowest average value of 69.6% with the statement "I am willing to always be loyal to Praketa Coffee". This shows that not all consumers are willing to always be loyal in buying products or hanging out at Praketa Coffee Shop. For this reason, Praketa Coffee Shop needs to increase promotions and give a good impression to consumers so that consumers can make

decisions to buy products and can always be loyal and believe that Praketa Coffee Shop products are able to meet their needs.

Brand awareness has a positive and significant effect on consumer's purchase decisions at Praketa Coffee Shop Purwokerto by 0.566 or 56.6% indicating that the influence comes from variations in brand awareness on purchasing decisions, while the remaining 0.434 or 43.4% represents the contribution value of the unexamined variables. This shows that the better the consumer's brand awareness of a brand, the more the decision-making process to buy Praketa Coffee Shop products will increase. Conversely, if consumer brand awareness is low or bad, then the decision-making process for product purchases will also decrease. This means that there is an ideal brand awareness, the consumer decision-making process will be created on its own.

Brand awareness mediates positively and significantly on the relationship of social media marketing to purchasing decisions. These results can be shown by the Sobel test where the t count value is 4,468 > the t table value is 1,984. This shows that the decision making process of purchasing Praketa Coffee Shop products is very dependent on the existence of brand awareness and social media marketing.

The perspective that according to consumers is not good, is expected to be evaluated by Praketa Coffee Shop so that problem solving can be done easily and find the best solution to improve purchasing decisions at Praketa Coffee Shop Purwokerto. Likewise, aspects that according to consumers are good, are expected to always be maintained and improved so that consumer assessments of purchasing decisions continue to increase.

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